

Climate Matters

January 31, 2022



R&A Foundational Pillars



Social Justice



Data-Driven
Decision
Making



Grounded in Literature

Climate In Higher Education



Barcelo, 2004; Bauer, 1998; Harper, 2012; Hurtado, S., Griffin, K. A., Arellano, L., & Cuellar, M., 2008; Ingle, 2005; Kuh & Whitt, 1998; Milhem, 2005; Peterson, 1990; Rankin, 1994, 1998, 2003, 2005; Rankin & Reason, 2008; Smith, 2009; Tierney, 1990; Worthington, 2008; Maramba, D. C., & Museus, S. D., 2011; Soria, K. M., 2018; Strayhorn, T. L., 2019

Assessing Campus Climate

Definition

 The current attitudes and behaviors of faculty, staff, administrators, and students, as well as institutional policies and procedures, which influence the level of respect for individual needs, abilities, and potential.

Measurement

- Personal Experiences
- Perceptions
- Institutional Efforts

Campus Climate & Students







How students experience their campus environment influences both learning and developmental outcomes.¹

Discriminatory environments have a **negative effect** on student learning.² Research supports
the pedagogical
value of a diverse
student body and
faculty for
enhancing
learning
outcomes.³

¹ Harper & Hurtado, 2009; Maramba. & Museus, 2011; Mayhew, M. J., Rockenbach, A. N., Bowman, N. A., Seifert, T. A., & Wolniak, G. C. 2016; Patton, 2011; Strayhorn, 2012; Buckley, J. B., & Park, J. J., 2019, Fernandez, F., Merson, D., Ro, H. K., & Rankin, S., 2019

² Mayhew, M. J., Rockenbach, A. N., Bowman, N. A., Seifert, T. A., & Wolniak, G. C., 2016, Shelton, L. J. 2019, Yosso, T. J., Smith, W. A., Ceja, M., & Solórzano, D. G., 2009; Crisp, G., Taggart, A., & Nora, A., 2015

³ Hale, 2004; Harper, & Hurtado, 2009; Harper & Quaye, 2004; Hurtado, 2003; Nelson & Niskodé-Dossett, 2010; Strayhorn, 2013; Samura, M., 2016; Museus, S. D., Shiroma, K., & Dizon, J. P. ,2016

Campus Climate & Faculty/Staff







The personal and professional development of employees are impacted by campus climate.1

Faculty members
who judge their
campus climate more
positively are more
likely to feel
personally supported
and perceive their
work unit as more
supportive.²

Research underscores the relationships between (1) workplace discrimination and negative job and career attitudes and (2) workplace encounters with prejudice and lower health and wellbeing.³

¹ Gardner, 2013; Jayakumar, Howard, Allen, & Han, 2009; Smith, D. G., 2015; Urrieta, L., Méndez, L., & Rodríguez, E., 2015 ² Costello, 2012; Griffin, Pérez, Holmes, & Mayo, 2010; Kaminski, & Geisler, 2012; Vaccaro, A., 2012, Griffin, K. A., Pifer, M. J., Humphrey, J. R., & Hazelwood, A. M., 2011; Vaccaro, A., 2012

³ Young, K., Anderson, M., & Stewart, S. 2014; Costello, C. A., 2012; Garcia, G. A., 2016; Mayhew, M., Grunwald, H., & Dey, E.; 2006



Responses to Unwelcoming Campus Climates

What are behavioral responses?

Lack of Persistence

30% of respondents have seriously considered leaving their institution



Lack of a sense of belonging

Campus climate research has demonstrated the effects of campus climate on faculty and student retention.¹

Research specific to student experiences has found that a sense of belonging is integral to student persistence and retention.²

Influence of microaggressions

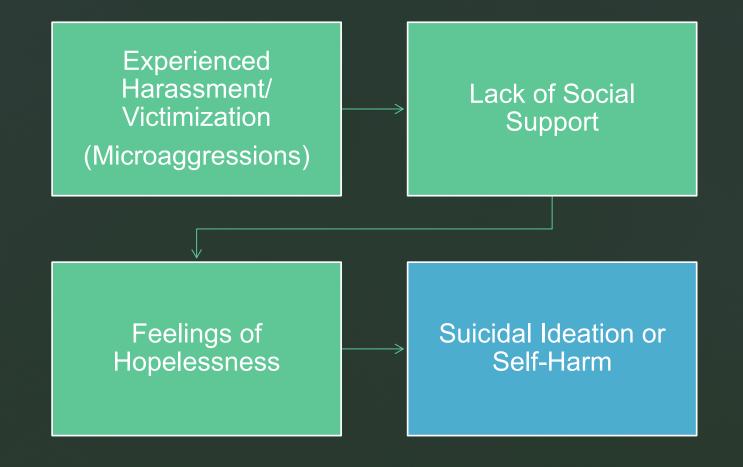
Several empirical studies reinforce the importance of the perception of nondiscriminatory environments for positive learning and developmental outcomes.¹ Research also underscores the relationship between hostile workplace climates and subsequent productivity.² Additionally, research has examined the effects of various forms of racial microaggressions (including interpersonal microaggressions, racial jokes, and institutional microaggressions) on Latinx and Black/African American students.

¹Dugan et al. (2012); Eunyoung & Hargrove (2013); Garvey et al. (2018); Hurtado & Ponjuan (2005); Mayhew etal. (2016); Oseguera et al. (2017); Pascarella & Terenzini (2005); Strayhorn (2012)

²Bilmoria & Stewart (2009); Costello (2012); Dade et al. (2015); Eagan & Garvey (2015); García (2016); Hirshfield & Joseph (2012); Jones & Taylor (2012); Levin et al. (2015); Rankin et al. (2010); Silverschanz et al. (2008)

Harper, (2015); Harper & Hurtado, (2007); Ellis et al., (2018); Kim & Aquino, (2017); Leath & Chavous, (2018); Museus & Park, (2015); Pittman, (2012); Quinton, (2018); Seelman et al., (2017); Sue, (2010); Yosso, (2009)

Influence of Microaggressions



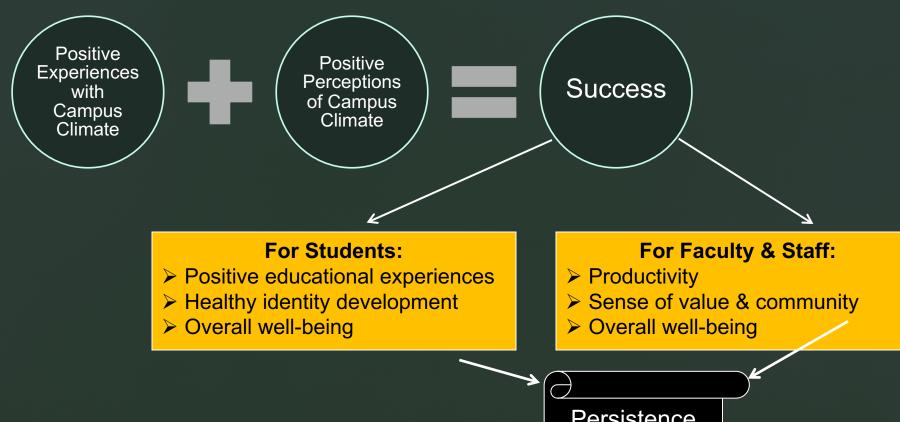
Why Assess'

What is the Process'

Where Do We Start?

Assessing Campus Climate

Campus Climate & Successful Outcomes



Persistence &
Retention

Mississippi State Mission¹

- Mississippi State University is a public research, land-grant university with a mission to provide access and opportunity to all sectors of Mississippi's diverse population, as well as other states and countries, and to offer excellent programs of teaching, research, and service.
- Mississippi State University is committed to its tradition of instilling among its community ideals of diversity, citizenship, leadership, and service.²

Mississippi State Core Values¹

Access and Opportunity

Excellence and Innovation

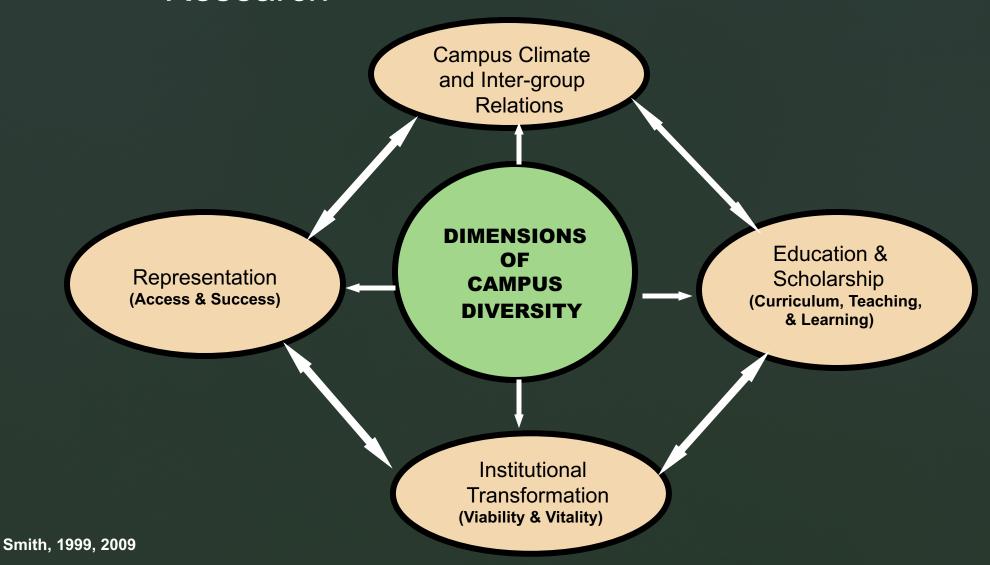
Communication, Collaboration, and Community Engagement

Integrity and Accountability

Citizenship and Leadership

Respect

Conceptual Framework for Campus Diversity Research



Components of Campus Climate

Government/Policy Context

Sociohiştorical Context

Historical Legacy of Inclusion/Exclusion

Compositional Diversity

Organizational/
Structural
(Campus Policy)

Psychological
Climate
(Feelings and
Emotions)

Behavioral Dimension

(Interactions and Practices)

Rankin 2001 National Campus Climate Assessment

NASPA/NGLTF Grants

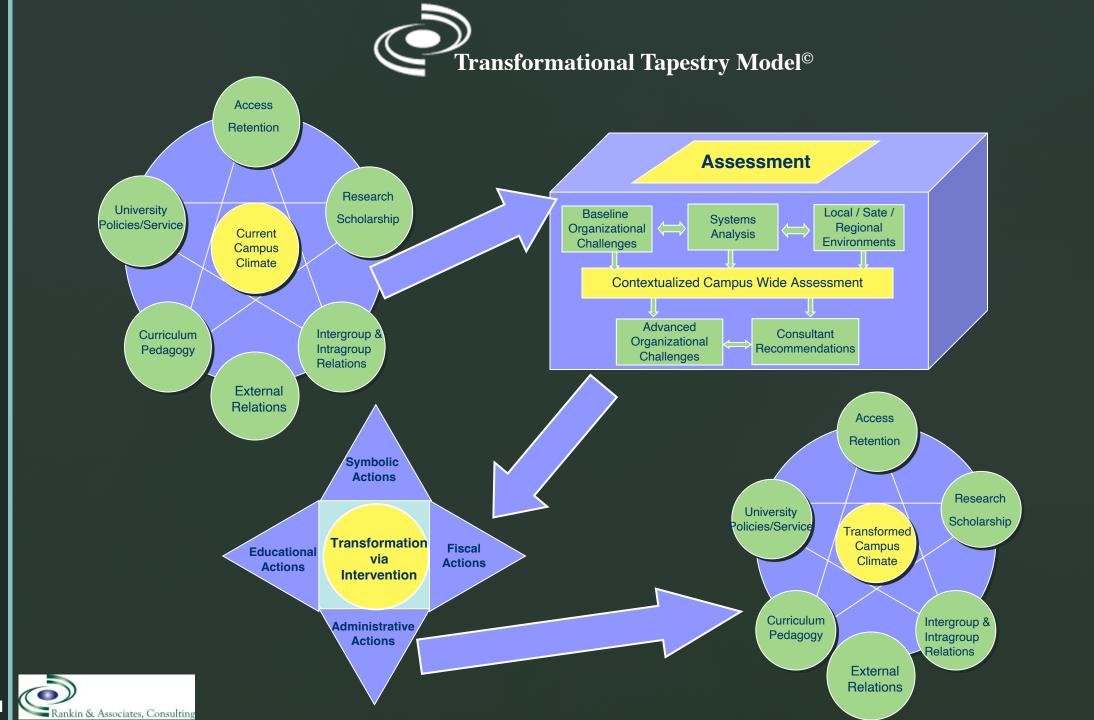
Underrepresented/underserved faculty/staff/students

30 Campuses

Survey Instrument

Meta-analysis of diversity assessment tools from 35 institutions

Paper/Pencil only





1999-2021 Campus Climate Assessments

Conducted 238 assessments (U.S. and International)

Community Colleges. Liberal Arts, Research I, Comprehensive

National Climate Assessment Studies

2016 United States Transgender National Survey

2014 International Athlete Survey

2011 NCAA Student-Athlete Climate Study

2010 State of Higher Education for LGBTQ People

Recent articles

Coulter, R. W., & Rankin, S. R. (2017). College Sexual Assault and Campus Climate for Sexual-and Gender-Minority Undergraduate Students. *Journal of Interpersonal Violence*, 0886260517696870.

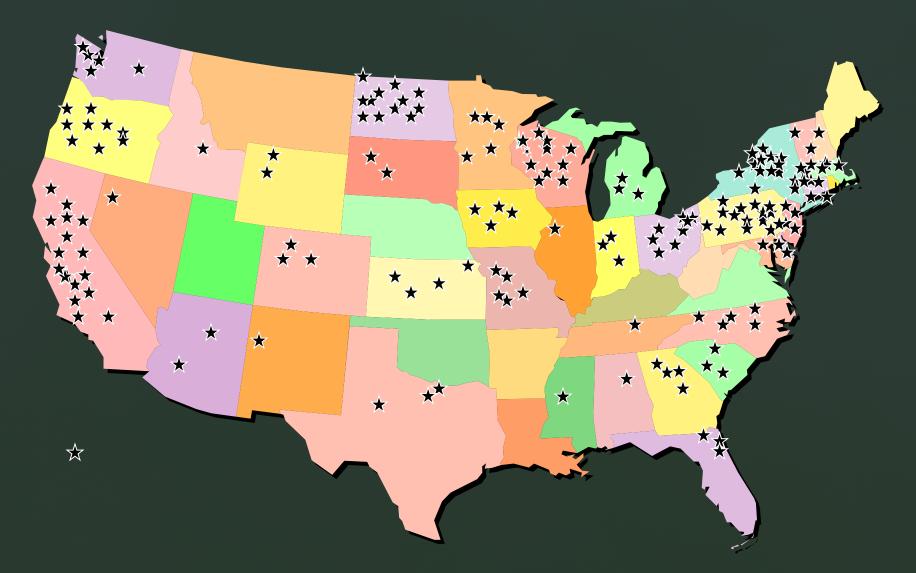
Fernandez, F., D. Merson, D., Ro, H.K., Rankin, S. (2017). "Do Classroom Interactions Relate to Considerations of Institutional Departure Among Student Veterans and Service Members?" *Innovative Higher Education*

Oseguera, L., Merson, D., Harrison, C. K., & Rankin, S. (2017). Beyond the Black/White Binary: A Multi-institutional Study of Campus Climate and the Academic Success of College Athletes of Different Racial Backgrounds. *Sociology of Sport Journal*, 1-43.

Hoffman, J. L., Rankin, S. R., & Loya, K. I. (2016). Climate as a mediating influence on the perceived academic success of women student-athletes. Journal for the Study of Sports and Athletes in Education, 10(3), 164-184.

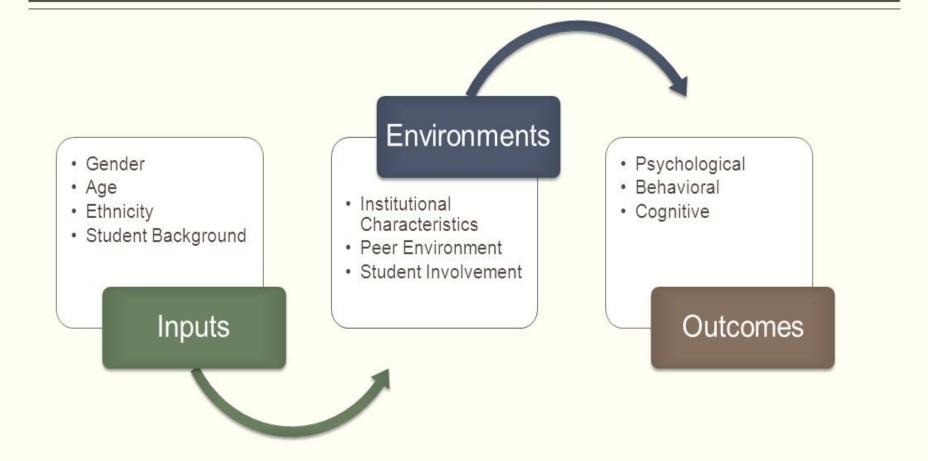
Rankin, S., & Garvey, J. C. (2015). Identifying, quantifying, and operationalizing queer-spectrum and trans-spectrum students: Assessment and research in student affairs. *New directions for student services*, 2015(152), 73-84.

R&A Campus Climate Assessments 1999-2021





CONCEPTUAL MODEL



Astin's (1993) Input-Environment-Outcomes (I-E-O) Model

Student-Athlete Climate Study



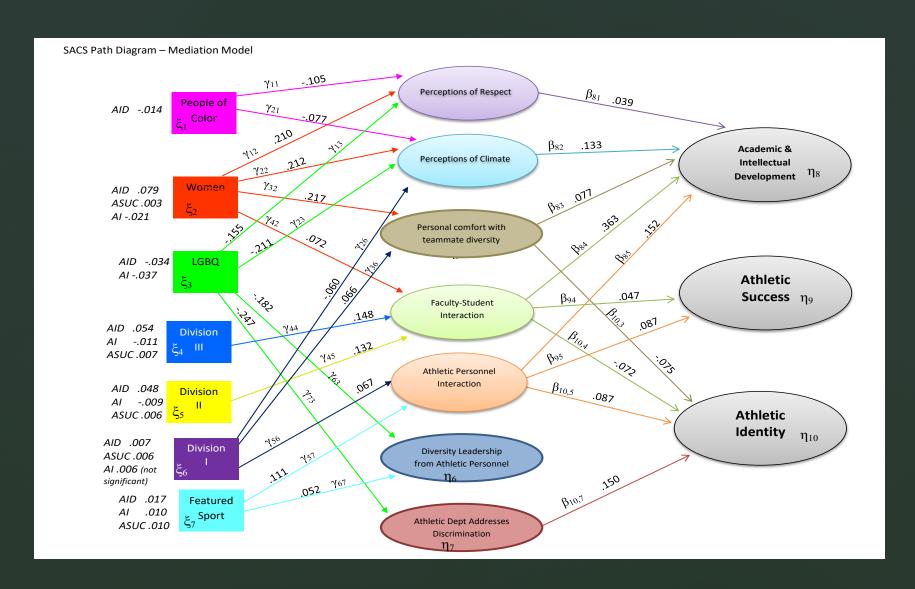




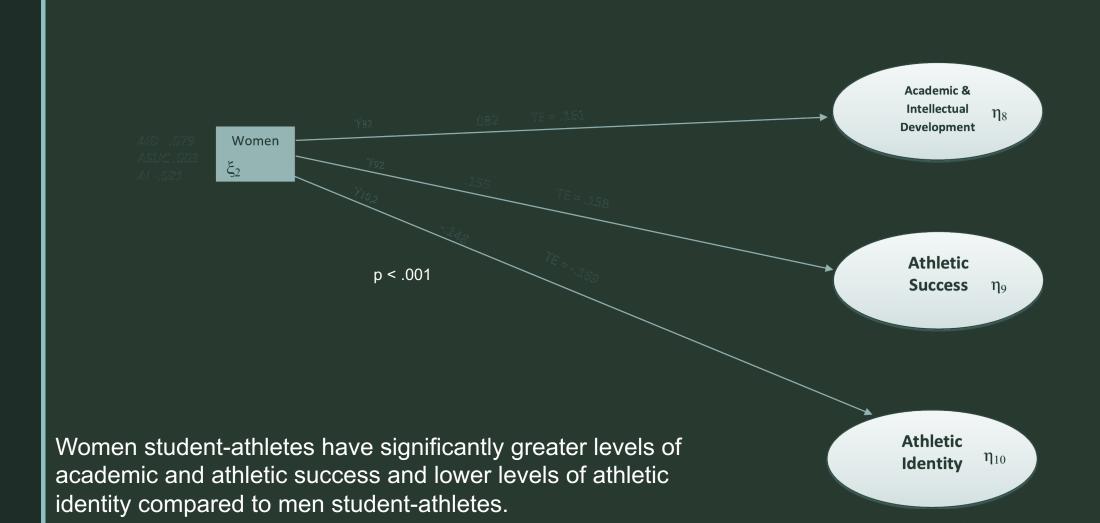




SEM Mediation Model

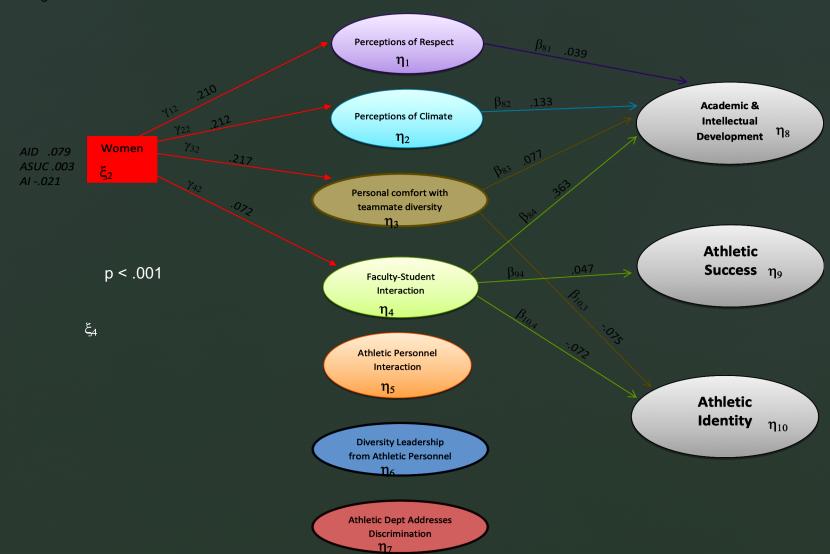


Gender – Direct Effects Model



Gender - Mediation Effects on Outcomes

SACS Path Diagram – Mediation Model for Gender



Women Student-Athletes

Gender Matters

- Gender significantly predicts academic success and athletic success.
- Women student-athletes report greater levels of academic success than men student-athletes.
- Women student-athletes report greater levels of athletic success than men student-athletes.

Climate Matters

- The following climate factors significantly influenced academic success for women student-athletes.
 - · Perceptions of climate
 - Faculty-student interaction
 - Personal comfort with teammate diversity
 - Perceptions of respect

Sexual Identity – Direct Effects

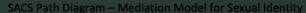
LGBQ

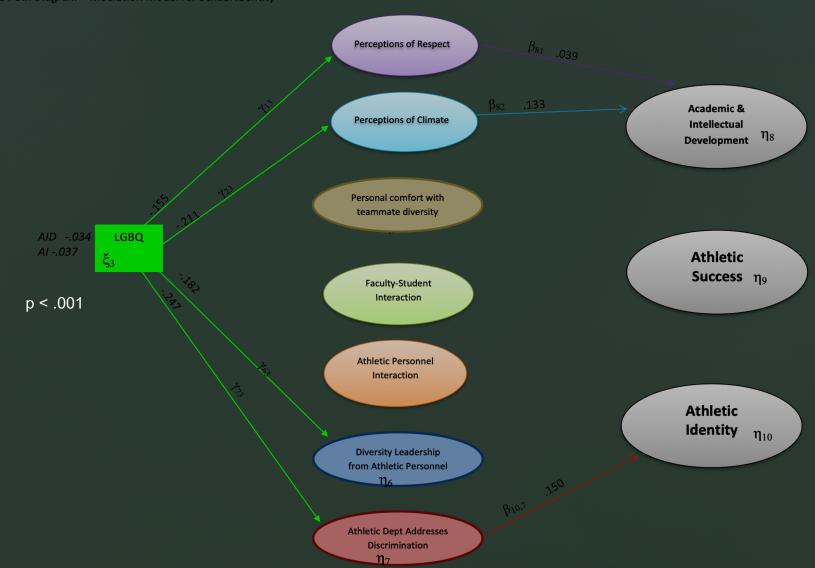
Academic & Intellectual Development

Athletic Success

Athletic Identity

Sexual Identity – Mediating Effects on Outcomes







Review of Climate Assessment Process

Mississippi State



Initial Meetings

Communication/Marketing Plan

Focus Groups



Identify the focus groups

Populate the focus groups

Develop the protocol for the focus groups

Focus group facilitators are selected and trained by the consultant



Assessment Tool Development
Communication/Marketing Plan
IRB proposal

Survey Instrument

Final instrument

- Quantitative questions and additional space for respondents to provide commentary
- Web-based survey
- Paper & pencil also available

Sample = Population

 All members of the Mississippi State community are invited to participate via an invitation from President Keenum



Demographics

Climate

Outcomes

Position Status

Racial Identity

Gender Identity

Sexual Identity

disAbility Status

SES Status

Spiritual Identity

Experiences

Perceptions

Institutional Actions

Professional Success

Intent to Persist

Communication Plan

Preparing the College Community

- Talking points
- Incentives
- Invitation letter
- Subsequent invitations to participate

Institutional Review Board



- Proposal application
- Primary Investigator, Mississippi State Office of Institutional Research and Effectiveness



Survey Implementation

Data Analysis

SAMPLE Response Rates Demographics of Population & Sample

| Mississippi State | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----|-------|---------------------------|-----------------|-------|----------------------|-------------|
| Fall 2022 | | | | | | | |
| Faculty | Man | Woman | Black/African American | Latinx/Hispanic | Asian | European American | Multiracial |
| | | | | | | | |
| Professor | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Associate Professor | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Assistant Professor | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Instructor | | | | | | | |
| II ISU UCIUI | | | | | | | |
| Chancellor Professor | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |



PHASE IV

Final Report

Presentation of Results



Next Steps







Projected Process Forward

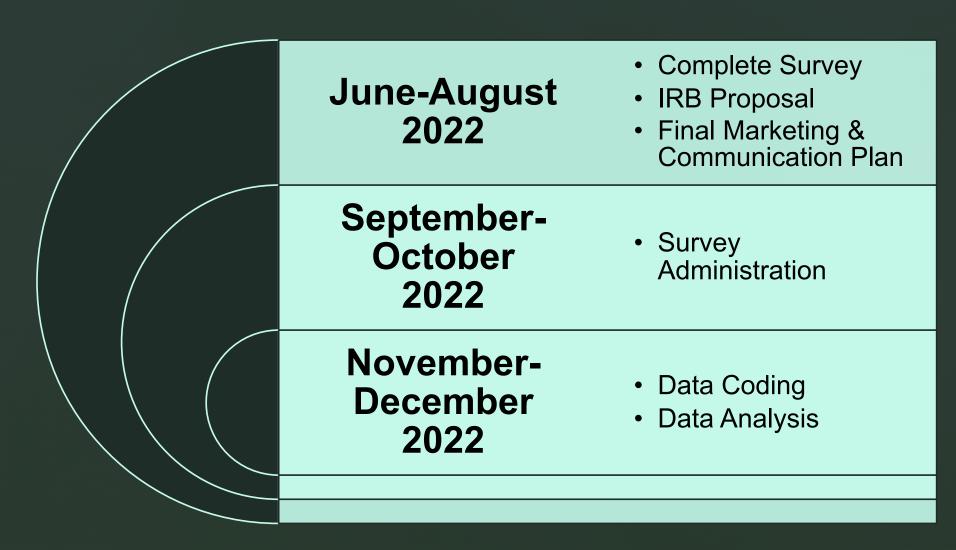
January - February 2022

- Meetings with the CSWG
- Develop Initial Communication & Marketing Plan
- Focus Group Planning

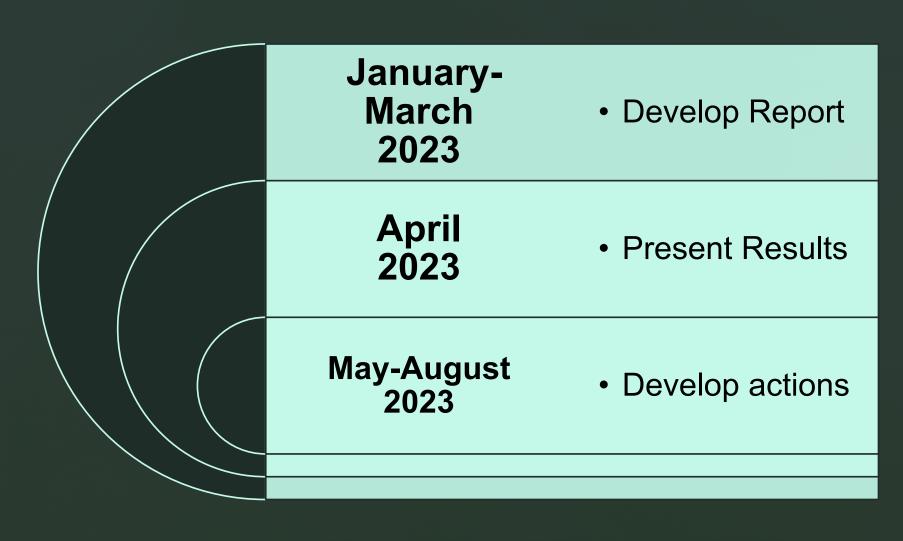
April 11, 2022

- Focus Groups
- Begin survey development

Projected Process Forward



Projected Process Forward



Questions...



Thoughts...





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